Core learning in literacy by year

Year 6 progression to Year 7

Most children learn to:

02011-2006BOK-EN © Crown copyright 2006	ork for literacy and mathematics Strategy	ow OW
supported by gesture or other visual aid as appropriate Use standard English consistently in formal situations and promote, justify or defend a point of view using supporting evidence, example and illustration which are linked back to the main argument	Use exploratory, hypothetical and speculative talk as a tool for clarifying ideas Tailor the structure, vocabulary and delivery of a talk or presentation so that it is helpfully sequenced and	
Identity the main methods used by presenters to explain, persuade, amuse or argue a case, e.g. emotive language Investigate differences between spoken and written language structures	2. Listening and responding Listen for and recall the main points of a talk, reading or TV programme, reflecting on what has been heard to ask searching questions, make comments or challenge the views expressed	
main points emerging from discussion Acknowledge other people's views, justifying or modifying their own views in the light of what others say Work together logically and methodically to solve problems, make deductions, share, test and evaluate ideas	3. Group discussion and interaction Adopt a range of roles in discussion, including acting as a spokesperson, and contribute in different ways such as promoting, opposing, exploring and questioning ldentify and report the	
solving in different learning contexts Work collaboratively to devise and present scripted and unscripted pieces that maintain the attention of an audience, and reflect on and evaluate their own presentations and those of others	A. Drama Develop drama techniques to explore in role a variety of situations and texts or respond to stimuli Develop drama techniques and strategies for anticipating, visualising and problem	
investigations, conventions, exceptions and new vocabulary Draw on analogies to known words, roots, derivations, word families, morphology and familiar spelling patterns	6. Word structure and spelling Revise, consolidate and secure knowledge of correct vowel choices, pluralisation, prefixes, word endings and high frequency words Record and learn from personal errors, corrections,	
Identify how print, images and sounds combine to create meaning Infer the meanings of unknown words using syntax, context, word structures and origins Identify the ways writers of non-fiction match language and organisation to their intentions	7. Understanding and interpreting texts Locate resources for a specific task, appraising the value and relevance of information and acknowledging sources Read between the lines and find evidence for their interpretation	

Foundation Stage objectives in bold refer to the Early Learning Goals.

Throughout this document, the specific objectives identified for the Foundation Stage are dependent upon the outcomes of the consultation on the EYFS.

Most children learn to:

8. Engaging with and responding 9. Creating and shaping texts to texts	9. Creating and shaping texts	10. Text structure and organisation	11. Sentence structure and punctuation	12. Presentation
Read a range of recent fiction texts independently as the basis for developing critical reflection and	Independently write and present a text with the reader and purpose in mind	Organise ideas into a coherent sequence of paragraphs	Extend their use and control of complex sentences by deploying subordinate clauses effectively	Review the legibility and neatness of their handwriting
personal response	Use a range of narrative devices to	In non-chronological writing, introduce, develop and conclude	les protration to convey and	Set personal targets to improve
Explore the notion of literary heritages and understand why some	involve the reader	paragraphs appropriately	clarify meaning and to integrate speech into longer sentences	presentational devices, on paper and
texts have been particularly influential	Identify criteria for evaluating a			OI SCIEST
or significant	situation, object or event, presenting			
Write reflectively about a text, distinguishing between the attitudes	emphasis to key points		and consistently in formal writing, with awareness of the differences	
and assumptions of characters and those of the author and taking	Experiment with the visual and sound effects of language, including the use		language structures	
might read it	rhyme			

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